In re Patent Application of:
AMMAR ET AL.
Serial No. Not Yet Assigned
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## In the Claims:

1. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A high frequency signal source comprising:

a dielectric resonator oscillator having an output signal;

a mixer that receives the output signal from the dielectric resonator oscillator; and

a phase locked loop circuit having a voltage controlled oscillator with a predetermined tuning range and operatively connected to said mixer such that said mixer receives anoutput signal from the voltage controlled oscillator and sums the output frequencies from the dielectric resonator oscillator and voltage controlled oscillator for creating a summed output frequency, wherein a portion of the summed output frequency is fed as a coupled signal into the phase locked loop circuit that is phase locked to a reference signal to compensate for dielectric resonator oscillator frequency errors due to manufacturing and for any drift due to temperature changes or aging, wherein a higher output frequency accuracy with low phase noise is achieved without manual tuning and a portion of the tuning range of the voltage controlled oscillator compensates for any dielectric resonator oscillator initial frequency errors and drift over temperature and aging.

2. (ORIGINAL) A high frequency signal source according to Claim 1, and further comprising a crystal reference oscillator operatively connected to the phase locked loop circuit for providing a stable reference signal thereto.

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- 3. (ORIGINAL) A high frequency signal source according to Claim 1, and further comprising a filter operatively connected to the mixer for filtering the summed output frequency and eliminating unused side bands.
- 4. (ORIGINAL) A high frequency signal source according to Claim 1, wherein said filter further comprises a high side filter for filtering the upper side band of the summed output frequency and provides a final output signal, and a low side filter operatively connected to the phase locked loop circuit for filtering the lower side band of the summed output frequency to provide a coupled signal to the phase locked loop circuit.
- 5. (ORIGINAL) A high frequency signal source according to Claim 1, and further comprising an amplifier operatively connected to said mixer for amplifying the summed output frequency.
- 6. (ORIGINAL) A high frequency signal source according to Claim 1, and further comprising a divider circuit positioned within said phase locked loop circuit for dividing the coupled signal by a factor "N".
- 7. (ORIGINAL) A high frequency signal source according to Claim 1, and further comprising a phase locked loop chip having registers that are programmed for dividing the coupled signal and reference signal by a divide ratio between "M" and "N", respectively.

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8. (ORIGINAL) A high frequency signal source according to Claim 7, and further comprising a microcontroller operatively connected to said phase locked loop chip for programming the divide ratio between "M" and "N".

Claims 9-15 (CANCELLED)

16. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method of generating a high frequency signal comprising the steps of:

mixing an output signal generated from a dielectric resonator oscillator with an output signal from a voltage controlled oscillator and summing having a predetermined tuning range and part of a phase locked loop circuit to sum the frequencies for creating a summed output frequency; and

coupling a portion of the summed output frequency as a coupled signal into the phase locked loop circuit that is phase locked to a reference signal to compensate for dielectric resonator oscillator frequency errors due to manufacturing and for any drift due to temperature changes or aging, wherein a higher output frequency accuracy with lower phase noise is achieved without manual tuning and a portion of the tuning range of the voltage controlled oscillator compensates for any dielectric resonator oscillator initial frequency errors and drift over temperature and aging.

17. (ORIGINAL) A method according to Claim 16, and further comprising the step of filtering the summed output frequency before coupling to aid in eliminating unused side bands.

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- 18. (ORIGINAL) A method according to Claim 17, and further comprising the step of filtering the summed output frequency within a high side filter that filters the upper side band of the summed output frequency for providing a final output frequency and filtering the summed output frequency of the summed signal within a low side filter that filters the lower side band to provide a signal to the phased lock loop circuit.
- 19. (ORIGINAL) A method according to Claim 17, and further comprising the step of filtering within a bandpass filter.
- 20. (ORIGINAL) A method according to Claim 16, and further comprising the step of amplifying the signal before coupling.
- 21. (ORIGINAL) A method according to Claim 16, and further comprising the step of dividing the coupled signal by a factor "N".
- 22. (ORIGINAL) A method according to Claim 16, and further comprising the step of dividing the coupled signal within a divider circuit.
- 23. (ORIGINAL) A method according to Claim 16, and further comprising the step of dividing the coupled signal within registers contained within a phase locked loop circuit chip.

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Please add new Claims 24-32 as follows:

24. (NEW) A high frequency signal source comprising:

a free running dielectric resonator oscillator having an output signal;

a mixer that receives the output signal from the dielectric resonator oscillator; and

a phase locked loop circuit having a voltage controlled oscillator and connected to said mixer for summing the output frequencies, wherein said voltage controlled oscillator frequency is tuned to maintain the sum constant.

- 25. (NEW) A high frequency signal source according to Claim 24, wherein said phase locked loop circuit frequency is tuned without manual tuning and operative without drifting from an intended frequency.
- 26. (NEW) A high frequency signal source according to Claim 24, wherein said voltage controlled oscillator has a predetermined tuning range.
- 27. (NEW) A high frequency signal source according to Claim 24, and further comprising a filter operatively connected to said mixer and phase locked loop circuit for filtering a lower sideband.
- 28. (NEW) A high frequency signal source according to Claim 24, and further comprising a filter operatively connected to said mixer for filtering an upper sideband and providing a final output signal.

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29. (NEW) A high frequency signal source according to Claim 24, and further comprising a crystal reference oscillator operatively connected to said phase locked loop circuit for providing a stable reference signal.

- 30. (NEW) A high frequency signal source according to Claim 24, and further comprising a microcontroller operatively connected to said dielectric resonator oscillator and phase locked loop circuit for programming a divide ratio.
- 31. (NEW) A high frequency signal source according to Claim 30, and further comprising chip registers in which a divide ratio is programmed by said microcontroller.
- 32. (NEW) A high frequency signal source according to Claim 30, and further comprising a transistor operatively connected to said dielectric resonator oscillator, wherein said microcontroller is operative for optimizing the dielectric resonator output signal by adjusting bias on said transistor.